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MEMORANDUM

November 6, 2001

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

SUBJECT:

Iprovalicarb Qualitative Risk Assessment Based On Hsd/WIN:

WU(SPF) Rat Dietary Study

P.C. Code 098359

To:

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Background

A combined chronic/carcinogenicity study in Hsd/WIN:WU(SPF) rats was conducted by Bayer AG, Wuppertal, Germany, for Bayer Corporation, and issued February 4, 1998 (Report No. 27160; MRID No. 448657-23).

The study design allocated groups of 50 rats per sex to dose levels of 0, 500, 5000, or 20000 ppm (0, 26.0, 262.5, or 1109.6 mg/kg/day for males; 0, 31.7, 326.3, or 1379.7 mg/kg/day for females) of Iprovalicarb for 106 weeks. An additional 10 rats per sex per dose were designated for interim sacrifice at week 53.

Survival Analyses

The statistical evaluation of mortality indicated a significant decreasing trend with increasing doses of Iprovalicarb in male rats. There were no statistically significant incremental changes in mortality with increasing doses of Iprovalicarb in female rats. See Tables 1 and 2 for mortality test results.

The statistical evaluation of mortality was based upon the Thomas, Breslow and Gart computer program.

Tumor Analyses

Male rats had significant increasing trends in bone (femur) osteosarcomas, bone (lower jaw) osteosarcomas, and nasal cavity chondrosarcomas, all at p < 0.05. Male rats also had a significant increasing trend in bone (femur) osteosarcomas and/or bone (lower jaw) osteosarcomas combined at p < 0.01. There was a significant difference in the pair-wise comparison of the 20000 ppm dose group with the control for bone (femur) osteosarcomas and/or bone (lower jaw) osteosarcomas combined at p < 0.05.

Female rats had a significant increasing trend in thyroid gland follicular cell adenomas and/or carcinomas combined at p < 0.05. There were no significant differences in the pair-wise comparisons of the dosed groups with the controls.

The statistical analyses of the male rats were based upon Peto's prevalence test. The statistical analyses of the female rats were based upon the Exact trend test and the Fisher's Exact test for pair-wise comparisons. See Tables 3 through 5 for the tumor analyses results.

Table 1. Iprovalicarb - Hsd/WIN:WU(SPF) Rat Study

Male Mortality Rates and Cox or Generalized K/W Test Results

			Weeks			
Dose (ppm)	1-26	27-52	53 ¹	53-78	79-107 ^f	Total
0	0/60	1/60	10/59	5/49	14/44	20/50 (40)*
500	0/60	0/60	10/60	3/50	17/47	20/50 (40)
5000	0/60	3/60	8/57	1/49	13/48	17/52 (33)
20000	0/60	0/60	10/60	3/50	9/47	12/50 (24)

*Number of animals that died during interval/Number of animals alive at the beginning of the interval.

Note:

Time intervals were selected for display purposes only.

Significance of trend denoted at control.

Significance of pair-wise comparison with control denoted at dose level.

If * , then p < 0.05. If ** , then p < 0.01.

ⁱInterim sacrifice at week 53.

Final sacrifice at week 106.

^() Percent.

Table 2. Iprovalicarb - Hsd/WIN:WU(SPF) Rat Study
Female Mortality Rates and Cox or Generalized K/W Test Results

	Weeks						
Dose (ppm)	1-26	27-52	53 ⁱ	53-78	79 – 107 ^f	Total	
0	0/60	1/60	10/59	0/49	16/49	17/50 (34)	
500	0/60	2/60	9/58	5/49	14/44	21/51 (41)	
5000	0/60	0/60	10/60	6/50	10/44	16/50 (32)	
20000	0/60	1/60	10/59	4/49	12/45	17/50 (34)	

^{*}Number of animals that died during interval/Number of animals alive at the beginning of the interval.

Note:

Time intervals were selected for display purposes only.

Significance of trend denoted at control.

Significance of pair-wise comparison with control denoted at <u>dose</u> level.

If * , then p < 0.05. If ** , then p < 0.01.

¹Interim sacrifice at week 53.

^fFinal sacrifice at week 106.

^() Percent.

Table 3. Iprovalicarb - Hsd/WIN:WU(SPF) Rat Study

Male Bone Tumor Rates and Peto's Prevalence Test Results (p values)

Dose (ppm) 0 500, 5000 20000 Osteosarcomas 2ª/47 (Femur) 0/41 0/39 0/44 (%) (0) (0) (0) (4) 0.0319* 0.0868 Osteosarcomas 0/60 1^b/60 0/56 (Lower Jaw) 0/59 (0)(0)(2) (%) 0.0984 0.0436* 0/60 0/56 3/60 Combined 0/59 (0) (5) (%) (0) (0) 0.0003** 0.0127*

Number of tumor bearing animals/Number of animals examined, excluding those that died or were sacrificed before observation of the first tumor.

Note: Significance of trend denoted at control.

Significance of pair-wise comparison with control denoted at <u>dose</u> level.

If ', then p < 0.05. If ', then p < 0.01.

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^{*}First osteosarcoma (femur) observed at week 89, dose 20000 ppm.

First osteosarcoma (lower jaw) observed at week 53 <u>not</u> in an interim sacrifice animal, dose 20000 ppm.

Table 4. Iprovalicarb - Hsd/WIN:WU(SPF) Rat Study

Male Nasal Cavity Tumor Rates and Peto's Prevalence Test Results (p values)

Dose (ppm)

	0	500	5000	20000
Chondro- sarcomas (%)	0/35 (0)	0/37 (0)	0/41 (0)	1ª/41 (2)

Note:

Significance of trend denoted at control.

Significance of pair-wise comparison with control denoted at dose level.

If * , then p < 0.05. If ** , then p < 0.01.

^{*}First chondrosarcoma observed at week 101, dose 20000 ppm.

Table 5. Iprovalicarb - Hsd/WIN:WU(SPF) Rat Study

<u>Female</u> Thyroid Gland Follicular Cell Tumor Rates[†] and Exact Trend Test and Fisher's Exact Test Results (p values)

		Dose (pp	Dose (ppm)		
•	0	500	5000	20000	
Adenomas (%)	0/49 (0)	0/49 (0)	1/48 (2)	2ª/48 (4)	
p =	0.0596	1.0000	0.4948	0.2423	
Carcinomas (%)	0/49 (0)	0/49 (0)	1 ^b /48 (2)	1/48 (2)	
<u>= q</u>	0.1833	1,0000	0.4948	0.4948	
Combined (%)	0/49 (0)	0/49 (0)	2/48 (4)	3/48 (6)	
<pre>p = †Number of excluding</pre>		1.0000 aring animals/Nu died before week			

3 interim sacrifice.

Significance of trend denoted at control. Note:

> Significance of pair-wise comparison with control denoted at dose level.

If ', then p < 0.05. If ', then p < 0.01.

^{*}First adenoma observed at week 82, dose 20000 ppm.

^bFirst carcinoma observed at week 106, dose 5000 ppm.

References

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